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Unit Objectives

After completing this unit, you should be able to:

- Describe four clauses of an SQL SELECT statement
- Use a SELECT statement to:
 - Retrieve all rows of a table
 - Retrieve specific columns
 - Retrieve rows based on comparisons to numeric or alphanumeric data
 - Retrieve rows based on specific columns containing NULL values
- Use the keywords BETWEEN, IN, LIKE, DISTINCT
- Order the resulting rows in a desired sequence

EMPLOYEE Table - Part 1 (1 of 2)

		MID		WORK	PHONE	
EMPNO	FIRSTNME	INIT	LASTNAME	DEPT	NO	HIREDATE
000010	CHRISTINE	I	HAAS	A00	3978	1965-01-01
000020	MICHAEL	L	THOMPSON	B01	3476	1973-10-10
000030	SALLY	A	KWAN	C01	4738	1975-04-05
000050	JOHN	в	GEYER	E01	6789	1949-08-17
000060	IRVING	F	STERN	D11	6423	1973-09-14
000070	EVA	D	PULASKI	D21	7831	1980-09-30
000090	EILEEN	W	HENDERSON	E11	5498	1970-08-15
000100	THEODORE	Q	SPENSER	E21	0972	1980-06-19
000110	VINCENZO	G	LUCCHESSI	A00	3490	1958-05-16
000120	SEAN		O'CONNELL	A00	2167	1963-12-05
000130	DOLORES	м	QUINTANA	C01	4578	1971-07-28
000140	HEATHER	A	NICHOLLS	C01	1793	1976-12-15
000150	BRUCE		ADAMSON	D11	4510	1972-02-12
000160	ELIZABETH	R	PIANKA	D11	3782	1977-10-11
000170	MASATOSHI	J	YOSHIMURA	D11	2890	1978-09-15

EMPLOYEE Table - Part 1 (2 of 2)

		ED					
EMPNO	JOB	LEVEL	SEX	BIRTHDATE	SALARY	BONUS	COMM
000010	PRES	18	F	1933-08-24	52750.00	1000.00	4220.00
000020	MANAGER	18	м	1948-02-02	41250.00	800.00	3300.00
000030	MANAGER	20	F	1941-05-11	38250.00	800.00	3060.00
000050	MANAGER	16	М	1925-09-15	40175.00	800.00	3214.00
000060	MANAGER	16	м	1945-07-07	32250.00	500.00	2580.00
000070	MANAGER	16	F	1953-05-26	36170.00	700.00	2893.00
000090	MANAGER	16	F	1941-05-15	29750.00	600.00	2380.00
000100	MANAGER	14	м	1956-12-18	26150.00	500.00	2092.00
000110	SALESREP	19	м	1929-11-05	46500.00	900.00	3720.00
000120	CLERK	14	м	1942-10-18	29250.00	600.00	2340.00
000130	ANALYST	16	F	1925-09-15	23800.00	500.00	1904.00
000140	ANALYST	18	F	1946-01-19	28420.00	600.00	2274.00
000150	DESIGNER	16	м	1947-05-17	25280.00	500.00	2022.00
000160	DESIGNER	17	F	1955-04-12	22250.00	400.00	1780.00
000170	DESIGNER	16	м	1951-01-05	24680.00	500.00	1974.00

DEPARTMENT Table

DEPTNO	DEPTNAME	MGRNO	ADMRDEPT	LOCATION
A00	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.	000010	A00	-
B01	PLANNING	000020	A00	-
C01	INFORMATION CENTER	000030	A00	-
D01	DEVELOPMENT CENTER	-	A00	-
D11	MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS	000060	D01	-
D21	ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS	000070	D01	-
E01	SUPPORT SERVICES	000050	A00	-
E11	OPERATIONS	000090	E01	-
E21	SOFTWARE SUPPORT	000100	E01	-

PROJECT Table

		DEPT	RESP	PR			MAJ
PROJNO	PROJNAME	NO	EMP	STAFF	PRSTDATE	PRENDATE	PROJ
AD3100	ADMIN SERVICES	D01	000010	6.50	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
AD3110	GENERAL ADMIN SYSTEMS	D21	000070	6.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	AD3100
AD3111	PAYROLL PROGRAMMING	D21	000230	2.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	AD3110
AD3112	PERSONNEL PROGRAMMING	D21	000250	1.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	AD3110
AD3113	ACCOUNT PROGRAMMING	D21	000270	2.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	AD3110
IF1000	QUERY SERVICES	C01	000030	2.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
IF2000	USER EDUCATION	C01	000030	1.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
MA2100	WELD LINE AUTOMATION	D01	000010	12.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
MA2110	W L PROGRAMMING	D11	000060	9.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	MA2100
MA2111	W L PROGRAM DESIGN	D11	000220	2.00	1982-01-01	1982-12-01	MA2110
MA2112	W L ROBOT DESIGN	D11	000150	3.00	1982-01-01	1982-12-01	MA2110
MA2113	W L PROD CONT PROGS	D11	000160	3.00	1982-02-15	1982-12-01	MA2110
OP1000	OPERATION SUPPORT	E01	000050	6.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
OP1010	OPERATION	E11	000090	5.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	OP1000
OP2000	GEN SYSTEMS SERVICES	E01	000050	5.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	-
OP2010	SYSTEMS SUPPORT	E21	000100	4.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	OP2000
OP2011	SCP SYSTEMS SUPPORT	E21	000320	1.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	OP2010
OP2012	APPLICATIONS SUPPORT	E21	000330	1.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	OP2010
OP2013	DB/DC SUPPORT	E21	000340	1.00	1982-01-01	1983-02-01	OP2010
PL2100	WELD LINE PLANNING	B01	000020	1.00	1982-01-01	1982-09-15	MA2100

Structure of an SQL Query

SELECT - Defines result columns Column names **Arithmetic expressions** Literals (text or numeric) Scalar functions Column functions Concatenation FROM Table or view names WHERE - Conditions (qualifies rows) ORDER BY - Sorts result rows

Retrieving All Columns, All Rows



OPERATIONS SOFTWARE SUPPORT

ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS

SUPPORT SERVICES

D21

E01

E11

E21

000070

000050

000090

000100

D01

A00

E01

E01

Retrieving All Columns, Limited Rows



SELECT * FROM DEPARTMENT FETCH FIRST 5 ROWS ONLY

DEPTNO	DEPTNAME	MGRNO	ADMRDEPT	LOCATION
A00	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.	000010	A00	-
B01	PLANNING	000020	A00	-
C01	INFORMATION CENTER	000030	A00	-
D01	DEVELOPMENT CENTER	-	A00	-
D11	MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS	000060	D01	-

Selecting Specific Columns

For each department, I need its number, its name and the department to which it reports.



A00 B01 C01 D01 D11 D21 E01 E11 E21

SELECT DEPTNO, DEPTNAME, ADMRDEPT

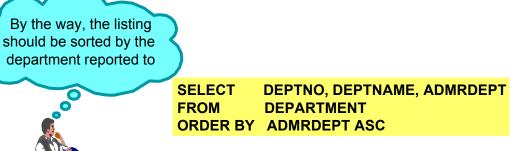
FROM DEPARTMENT



<u>PTNO</u>	DEPTNAME	ADMRDEPT
	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.	A00
	PLANNING	A00
	INFORMATION CENTER	A00
	DEVELOPMENT CENTER	A00
	MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS	D01
	ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS	D01
	SUPPORT SERVICES	A00
	OPERATIONS	E01
	SOFTWARE SUPPORT	E01

Select with Ordered Output (1 of 2)







DEPTNŎ	DEPTNAME	ADMRDEP
A00	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE D	DIV.A00
C01	INFORMATION CENTER	A00
B01	PLANNING	A00
E01	SUPPORT SERVICES	A00
D01	DEVELOPMENT CENTER	A00
D11	MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS	D01
D21	ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS	D01
E21	SOFTWARE SUPPORT	E01
E11	OPERATIONS	E01

Select with Ordered Output (2 of 2)

I need the previous listing ordered first according to the number to which the department reports and within that sequence sorted by descending department numbers.

SELECTDEPTNO, DEPTNAME, ADMRDEPTFROMDEPARTMENTORDER BYADMRDEPT ASC, DEPTNO DESC



<u>DEPTNO</u>	DEPTNAME	ADMRDEP	T
E01	SUPPORT SERVICES	A00	
D01	DEVELOPMENT CENTER	A00	
C01	INFORMATION CENTER	A00	
B01	PLANNING	A00	
A00	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.	A00	
D21	ADMINISTRATION SYSTEMS	D01	
D11	MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS	D01	
E21	SOFTWARE SUPPORT	E01	
E11	OPERATIONS	E01	

Alternate ORDER BY Specifications

SELECT LASTNAME, FIRSTNME, WORKDEPT, JOB, SEX FROM EMPLOYEE ORDER BY WORKDEPT DESC, JOB, LASTNAME, SEX DESC

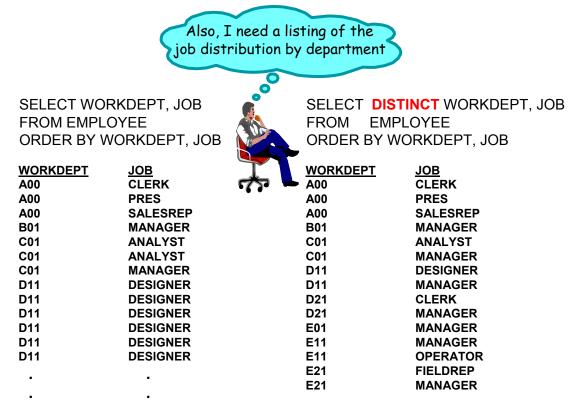
Equivalent ORDER BY clauses:

ORDER BY WORKDEPT DESC, JOB ASC, LASTNAME ASC, SEX DESC ORDER BY 3 DESC, 4, 1, 5 DESC ORDER BY 3 DESC, 4 ASC, 1 ASC, 5 DESC ORDER BY 3 DESC, JOB, LASTNAME, 5 DESC ORDER BY WORKDEPT DESC, 4 ASC, 1 ASC, SEX DESC

Suppressing Duplicate Output Rows (1 of 2)



Suppressing Duplicate Output Rows (2 of 2)



Retrieving Rows by Character Comparison

I need a list of the departments reporting to department A00

SELECT DEPTNO, ADMRDEPT FROM DEPARTMENT WHERE ADMRDEPT = 'A00'



Retrieving Rows by Numerical Comparison



I want the last name and education level of all employees with an education level greater than or equal to 19



SELECTLASTNAME, EDLEVELFROMEMPLOYEEWHEREEDLEVEL >= 19

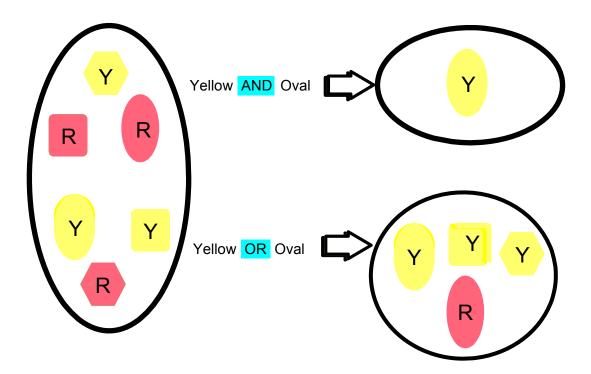




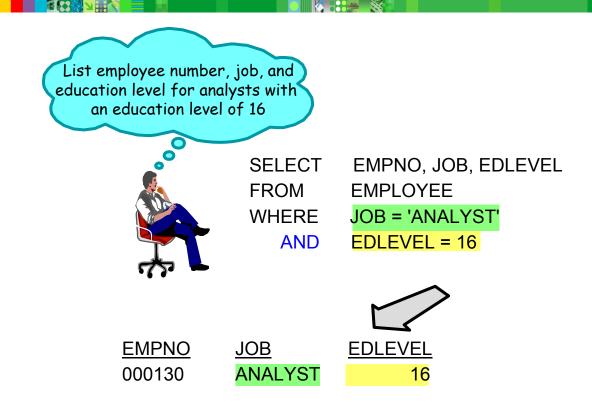
Comparison Operators

SELECT	*	
FROM	EMP	LOYEE
WHERE		SALARY = 20000 equal to
	OR	SALARY <> 20000 not equal to
	OR	SALARY > 20000 greater than
	OR	SALARY >= 20000 greater than or equal to
	OR	SALARY < 20000 less than
	OR	SALARY <= 20000 less than or equal to

AND and OR - Principle

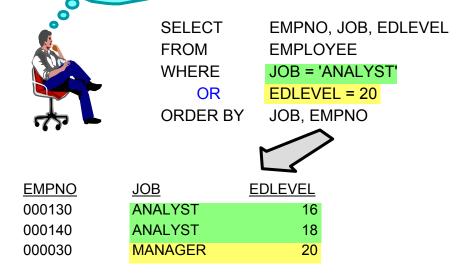


Multiple Conditions - AND

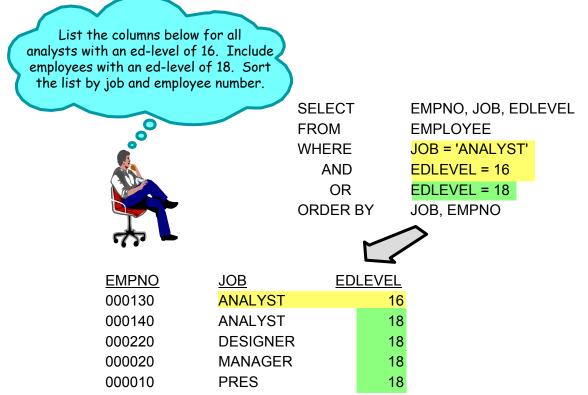


Multiple Conditions - OR

List the columns below for all analysts and all employees with an education level of 20. Sort the list by job and employee number.



Multiple Conditions - AND/OR



Multiple Conditions - Parentheses

List the columns below for all analysts with an ed-level of 16 or 18.

> SELECT FROM WHERE AND OR

EMPNO, JOB, EDLEVEL EMPLOYEE JOB = 'ANALYST' (EDLEVEL = 16 EDLEVEL = 18)



EMPNO 000130 000140

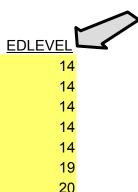
<u>JOB</u>	<u>EDLEVEL</u>
ANALYST	16
ANALYST	18

SELECT with IN

List last name and ed-level for all employees with an ed-level of 14, 19 or 20. Sort the listing by ed-level and last name.

SELECTLASTNAME, EDLEVELFROMEMPLOYEEWHEREEDLEVEL IN (14,19,20)ORDER BYEDLEVEL, LASTNAME

LASTNAME JEFFERSON LEE O'CONNELL SMITH SPENSER LUCCHESSI KWAN



SELECT with **BETWEEN**

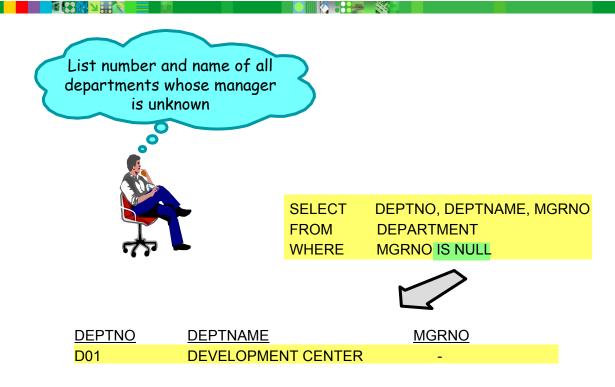
List employee number and ed-level for all employees with an ed-level from 12 through 15. Sort by ed-level.



SELECT	EMPNO, EDLEVEL			
FROM	EMPLOYEE			
WHERE	EDLEVEL BETWEEN	12	AND	15
ORDER BY	EDLEVEL			

<u>EMPNO</u>	EDLEVEL	
000290	12	
000310	12	
000100	14	
000120	14	
000230	14	
000300	14	
000330	14	
000250	15	
000270	15	

Retrieving Rows - Null Comparison



Partial String Search - LIKE





LASTNAME GEYER GOUNOT

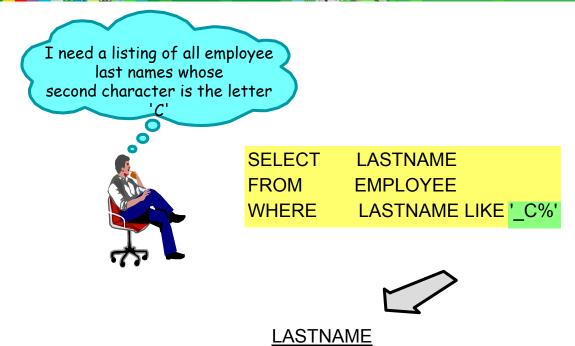
Partial String Search - Examples with '%'

SELECTLASTNAMEFROMEMPLOYEEWHERELASTNAME LIKE '%SON'

LASTNAME THOMPSON HENDERSON ADAMSON JEFFERSON JOHNSON

SELECT	LASTNAME	LASTNAME
FROM	EMPLOYEE	THOMPSON
WHERE	LASTNAME LIKE '%M%N%'	ADAMSON
		MARINO

Partial String Search - Example with '_'



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SCOUTTEN SCHNEIDER

Negation

I need a listing of all departments except those with a department number starting with 'D'

SELECT	DEPTNO, DEPTNAME
FROM	DEPARTMENT
WHERE	DEPTNO NOT LIKE 'D%'





<u>DEPTNO</u>	DEPTNAME
A 00	SPIFFY COMPUTER SERVICE DIV.
B 01	PLANNING
<mark>C</mark> 01	INFORMATION CENTER
E 01	SUPPORT SERVICES
E 11	OPERATIONS
E21	SOFTWARE SUPPORT

Checkpoint

1. True or False? The sequence in which clauses are coded in a SELECT statement is arbitrary.

- 2. BETWEEN causes the rows of the result table to be
 - a. Sorted in ascending order
 - b. Sorted in descending order
 - c. Not sorted at all
- 3. Which clauses in a SELECT statement are required?
- 4. Within a WHERE clause, character data, dates, times and timestamps must always be enclosed within what?
- 5. When doing patterned character string searches, what gives the underscore and the percent symbol their masking abilities?
- 6. True or False? WHERE clause predicates must be separated from each other by commas.

Checkpoint Solutions

- 1. False
- 2. c
- 3. SELECT, FROM
- 4. Apostrophes (or single quotes)
- 5. The keyword LIKE
- False They are joined by AND or OR.

Unit Summary

Having completed this unit, you should be able to:

- Describe four clauses of an SQL SELECT statement
- Use a SELECT statement to:
 - Retrieve all rows of a table
 - Retrieve specific columns
 - Retrieve rows based on comparisons to numeric or alphanumeric data
 - Retrieve rows based on specific columns containing NULL values
- Use the keywords BETWEEN, IN, LIKE, DISTINCT
- Order the resulting rows in a desired sequence